



# **European Crime Prevention Network**

## **Work Programme 2018**

**Draft 1**

## Table of content

Background .....	p. 3
Funding .....	p. 3
The present Trio .....	p. 4
<i>Bulgarian Presidency, January 2018 – June 2018</i> .....	p. 4
<i>Austrian Presidency, July 2018 – December 2018</i> .....	p. 4
Overview of the Presidencies .....	p. 4
<i>Bulgarian Presidency, January 2018 – June 2018</i> .....	p. 4
<i>Austrian Presidency, July 2018 – December 2018</i> .....	p. 5
Activities in the Network in 2018 .....	p. 5
A) <i>To be a point of reference for the target groups of the Network</i> .....	p. 5
B) <i>To disseminate qualitative knowledge on crime prevention</i> .....	p. 8
1. Projects .....	p. 8
2. Actions and tasks associated with Strategic Goal B .....	p. 12
C) <i>To support and facilitate crime prevention activities at national and local level</i> .....	p. 15
D) <i>To develop various aspects of crime prevention at EU level in respect of the EU strategy of crime prevention</i> .....	p. 16
Annex 1 Work Programme Projects .....	p. 18

## **Background**

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This EUCPN Work Programme succeeds that of December 2016. The Work Programme 2018 is in accordance with Article 4 of the Council Decision 2009/902/JHA and Article 12 of the Rules of Procedures for the EUCPN. As foreseen in the Multiannual Strategy for the EUCPN, this document defines the activities of the Network to be completed in 2018 in order to promote the achievement of the strategic goals, namely:

- A) To be a point of reference for the target groups of the Network.
- B) To disseminate qualitative knowledge on crime prevention.
- C) To support crime prevention activities at national and local level.
- D) To contribute to the EU policy and strategy of crime prevention and to contribute to various aspects of crime prevention at the EU level in respect of strategic priorities of EU.

The target groups of the EUCPN are:

- Practitioners and policymakers at the local level
- Practitioners and policymakers at the national level
- Relevant agencies, organisations, working groups etc. at European Union level

## **Funding**

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The EUCPN currently relies on the following funding sources:

- EUCPN Secretariat is funded under the 'Internal Security Fund – Police' programme managed by the European Commission
  - Project from 1/10/2016 – 31/03/2018 with 1.000.000 euro budget: 5% of this budget was paid by the internal EUCPN Work Program Fund (this fund was established by voluntary contributions from MS)
  - Project from 1/04/2018 – 31/03/2020 with 2.000.000 euro budget: 5% of the project budget was divided amongst the MS through the solidarity principle.
- Crime prevention project which are of interest to the network are funded through multiple sources:
  - MS who fund projects themselves
  - EU financial programmes managed by the Commission (ISF – Internal Security Fund - Police, Hercule III Programme 2014-2020, Daphne, Horizon 2020 etc.). More information about these programmes can be found on our website: <http://eucpn.org/document/eu-funding-programs>

## **The present Trio**

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### **The present Trio**

The EU Trio Presidency Estonia, Bulgaria, Austria will focus on improving the safety in communities which are targeted by organized crime among other volume crimes.

During 2018:

- The Bulgarian Presidency will be focusing on the prevention of crimes committed by crime groups in regards of frauds with focus on phone scams. Our aim is to share best practices amongst other Member States who experienced the same crimes. According to current data, this type of crime is rapidly becoming a cross-border activity. Frauds, and in particular phone scams generate serious monetary gains. Phone scams have a severe secondary effect and afflict society as the main victims are adult vulnerable people. Criminal groups involved in this activity operate in different European regions adapting their modus operandi to specific social and economic conditions. This requires a multidisciplinary proactive approach in the prevention of the frauds (phone scams).
  
- The Austrian Presidency will focus on community policing and the involvement of citizens into a collective process to address security needs and the prevention of crime. Apart from increasing the objective security within the European Union, also the subjective understanding of safety by the general public and its improvement will receive special attention. Recent studies show that despite an objective decrease in crime, citizens are feeling more unsafe due to a combination of new challenges and threats. The necessity to engage in both a direct dialogue and cooperation with the general public and relevant third parties therefore stems from the need to address not only the sources of actual crime but also improve the public perception of safety.

## **Overview of the presidencies**

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### **Bulgarian Presidency, January 2017 – June 2017**

Bulgarian Presidency will be assisting the Secretariat to implement the multiannual strategy 2016-2020. Bulgarian Presidency will focus on EUCPN activities organised in the context of the priorities of the Network. There will be a special focus on the communication strategy of the network and on research which looks into the impact of crime prevention work.

The Bulgarian Presidency will organize 2 Executive Committee meetings and 1 Board Meeting. During the seminar linked to the Board Meeting, Phone scams committed by Crime Groups and their prevention will be discussed. As a result the EUCPN Secretariat will focus on Fraudulent Crime for the toolbox.

### **Austrian Presidency, July 2018 – December 2018**

The Austrian Presidency, together with Trio, intends to support the EUCPN in the improvement and expansion of cooperation on crime prevention and the implementation of the MAS 2016–2020 (MAS). In line with the MAS, a special focus will be given to the dissemination of qualitative knowledge on crime prevention and to foster information exchange regarding crime prevention activities at both the national and local level.

Specifically, the Austrian Presidency will:

- Organize the Best Practice Conference (BPC) and the European Crime Prevention Award (ECPA) ceremony;
- Support the EUCPN Secretariat on the topic of community policing and the drafting of a toolbox;
- Commence a draft of the annual report together with the Romanian Presidency;
- Promote both crime prevention and the concept of community policing across borders.

### **Activities in the Network in 2018**

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When reading this programme, you will come across four different levels of activity:

- 1) **Action:** Action points decided upon in the Multiannual Strategy (overview in annex 1) (and the recommendations arising from the Report of the evaluation of the EUCPN (2012)).
- 2) **Task:** Activities necessary to implement the action points, further development of the Network itself, or activities to prepare future action points, tasks or projects.
- 3) **Project:** Ongoing or new crime prevention activities in specific Member States and ongoing or new activities in several Member States (overview in annex 2).
- 4) **Secretariat task:** task for the EUCPN Secretariat outlined in the application for the project “The implementation of the MAS of the EUCPN and the informal network on the Administrative Approach” which will end on 30<sup>th</sup> March 2018 and the project “the further implementation of the MAS of the EUCPN and the informal network on the Administrative Approach” which will start on the 1<sup>st</sup> of April 2018.

#### **Goal A) To be a point of reference for the target groups of the Network**

**Action:** *Updating a database of contacts of the target group members in line with priorities of the policy cycle*

- **Task:** The Member States will update their contact list according to the priorities of the policy cycle

**Action:** *Improve the Network’s communication strategy*

- **Task:** set-up of a new communication plan

- **Task:** the EUCPN will put more emphasis on promoting the network on social media
- **Secretariat task:** an assessment of target groups' and NR's needs, as well as the evaluation of former communication models will be made

**Action:** *Developing a function as a wider EU 'platform' of crime prevention*

- **task:** increase the cooperation with the EUCPN Board observers by inviting them to the Board meetings
- **Action:** Establishing an efficient network of contact points
  - **Task:** A meeting with all crime prevention councils will be organized
  - **Task:** MS identify national experts as the need arises; f.e. according to the themes of the presidencies or specific national projects
- **Action:** setting-up collaboration projects with international institutions should be improved
  - **Task:** EUCPN will continue its partnership within the research project 'PROTON'.

**Action:** provide a dynamic and interactive redesign of the EUCPN newsletter

- **Secretariat task:** The Secretariat will issue a minimum of six newsletters in 2018: three during the presidency of Bulgaria and three during the Austrian presidency
- **Task:** new possibilities will be explored for the newsletter

**Action:** the content, design and user friendliness of the EUCPN website should be kept in line with the current web standards

- **Task:** The Secretariat will keep the website up to date and optimise its current functions with the assistance of the Board. The Member States will make sure that the Secretariat receives regular updates about the information and contacts provided.
- **Secretariat task:** a redesign of the website will be considered and implemented if deemed necessary

**Action:** *Updating the application of the uniform feedback tool for EUCPN communication channels and events*

- **Secretariat task:** The Secretariat will present the results from the Best Practice Conference 2017 to the Board to reflect upon and decide whether the results call for further action in relation to future events.

- **Secretariat task:** The Secretariat will evaluate the Best Practice Conference 2018.

**Goal B) To disseminate qualitative knowledge on crime prevention**

**1. Projects:**

<b>Title</b>	<b>Lead</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Timing</b>
1. Prevention Project Dunkelfeld (PPD)	Germany	to reduce the frequency of child sexual abuse by a region wide establishment of professionally qualified, preventive outpatient therapy offers, directed at persons with a pedophilic/hebephilic preference in the Dunkelfeld.	Started in 2005
2. Radio Campaign	Cyprus	To promote the drug telephone help-line	2015
3. Print promotional materials anti-drugs	Cyprus	To provide the people with reliable information about drug substances	2015
4. European local Authorities against extremism LIAISE 2	France	“European local authorities against extremism” wants to prevent radicalisation leading to terrorism and violent extremism. Its overall goal is to strengthen the capacity of European towns, cities and regions to prevent and deal with violent radicalisation.	5 <sup>th</sup> January 2016 – 4 <sup>th</sup> January 2018
5. Cost & Impact of Cybercrime in Belgium	Belgium	To reach an objective, realistic and up to date picture of cybercrime in Belgium and its evolution over time.	1 <sup>st</sup> June 2014 – 28 <sup>th</sup> February 2018
6. Improving crime victims’ access to services and creating contacts points for victims of crime	Slovakia	Create analytical unit for analyzing needs of crime victims in order to receive appropriate protection and support and to prepare legislative proposals and preparation of analysis which could be used on the national level.	February 2016 – January 2019
7. Protect your device	Belgium	Almost all smartphone or tablet have anti-theft function. This project aim to make the citizens aware of this function.	May 2018 – Feb 2019
8. Best practices to tackle urban crime (incivilities)	Belgium	Recommendation to tackle urban crime based on evaluated local projects and to increase citizens empowerment.	Jan 2018 – March 2019 (+ 2020)
9. “Live Democracy! Active against Right-wing Extremism, Violence and Hate”	Germany	The promotion of civil participation and democratic behavior as well as the prevention of any kind of	The programme started at the beginning of 2015



		extremism.	and runs until the end of 2019.
10. Development of criteria for evaluation of interventions aimed at prevention of (religiously motivated) extremism	Germany	As yet, there is little evidence that interventions in the field of the prevention of religiously motivated extremism really work. In Germany, information on the effectiveness of such interventions is sparse.	1st of March 2017 – 31st of December 2019
11. Mapping, identifying and developing skills and opportunities in operating environments to co-create innovative, ethical and effective actions to tackle radicalization leading to violent extremism (MINDb4ACT)	Germany	The examination of individual, local, national and international approaches to identify, comprehend and prevent radicalization leading to violent extremism.	September 2017 – August 2020
12. Safe Świętokrzyskie Voivodeship	Poland	Cooperation for common safety.	2016-2020
13. Impact Evaluation	Belgium	The project aims to identifies the local actions that “demonstrate” to be the most effective in terms of results achieved. It is therefore a subject here of developing a new public policy decision support tool for local authorities.	2017 - 2020
14. I’M HERE PROGRAM	Portugal	To maximize all the situations related to child safety on public spaces. Increasing the surveillance, giving a extra safety solution for parents and child tutors.	Every summer
15. Special Program SIGNIFICANT BLUE.	Portugal	Safety of persons with intellectual disabilities and / or multiple disabilities and those who interact with them.	6 <sup>th</sup> September 2013 - ...
16. Cyber jungle	Poland	The "Cyber jungle" project is aimed at the younger Internet users, their careers as well as people taking part in their education and attitudes shaping. Its mission is to improve the overall security of the Internet users, especially those who are not properly prepared for it.	2014 - ...
17. Drawing on the right side of	Hungary	In order to prepare inmates for	2014 and the

the brain		reintegration to the society the National Crime Prevention Council of Hungary started a project to help them develop their social skills and self-confidence.	implementation is ongoing.
18. Re-Action Program	Hungary	Interactive outdoor program for secondary school students in order to introduce basic knowledge about crime prevention; about the work of police, fire department, prison service etc.	2014 and the implementation is ongoing.
19. Volunteers for Kielce	Poland	Involvement of volunteers in supporting the Police in prevention activities, information activities and ensuring safety at events organised by the city and at water bodies.	1 September 2014 - the Programme is pending. The Erasmus+ programme finished on 31 August 2016.
20. I do has FALCO says.	Portugal	Short stories to promote safety and fomenting of civics and citizenship among children between 5 and 10 years old, using FALCO - PSP mascot.	October 2014 - ...
21. Grandma, it's not your grandson ... Be careful.	Poland	The main intention of the project is to educate the elderly about the threat of scam which are made by using methods called "on grandson" or "on the policeman". In effect it will reduce the number of these crimes.	October 2014 - ...
22. National action day '1 day without'	Belgium	This action's purpose is to sensitize citizens to the issue of domestic burglaries, and especially to what they themselves can do in order to prevent this problem. The intended result is to eventually bring about a drop in domestic burglaries.	11/12/2014 - ...
23. To live prepared as a visually impaired	Hungary	In order to help blind and partially-sighted persons the National Crime Prevention Council of Hungary prepared a special crime prevention program to teach these vulnerable people to develop their self-defense abilities.	Spring 2016 - ...

24. Safety in the Public Sphere	Austria	The purpose of this particular project is both to reassure women and to provide them with information on ways in which they can avoid becoming the victim of a crime on their way home/while going out for a walk, etc.	2nd quarter of 2016 - ...
25. Save Gordon!	Hungary	To raise awareness among youth about the dangers of internet and to educate them how to protect themselves online.	spring 2017 and the implementation is ongoing.
26. Homewatch - Application	Hungary	The National Crime Prevention Council aimed to show the people the safety level of their homes and to encourage them to think about what they can do to increase this status.	July 2017 - ...
27. Conception European Methodical Centre	Slovakia	The main objective of methodical function of the Slovak headquarters of EMC will be <b>REAL CHANGE</b> of social situation of citizens in a sense of supporting and developing citizens' well-being in terms of real possibilities of individual countries by the use of all legal matters which that are available to non-governmental and nonprofit organizations (III. sector) with the intention of equalizing social status of EU citizens as well as eradicating social conflicts.	as soon as possible - begin + 6 years

**2. Actions and tasks associated with Strategic Goal B:**

3. **Task:** The Bulgarian Presidency will support crime prevention activities at national and local level through disseminating information on Fraud (Phone Scams) among member states.

Mass marketing fraud is a crime committed everywhere in Europe by local or international criminal groups. They exploit flexible criminal models and scenarios and for that reason they develop effective criminal activities affecting various categories citizens in EU. Due to its diverse nature Fraud facilitates the victimization of many people. The exchange of information between Member States on the specifics of the crime, perpetrators, criminal models, victims' profiles and preventive practices will raise awareness of the stakeholders and citizens.

- **Task:** It is Austria's aim to promote crime prevention by encouraging a community-based approach towards the reduction of both actual crime and the feeling of insecurity experienced by the general public. The primary objective is to promote a collective process to address the security needs of EU-citizens, which integrates the suggestions and concerns of the individuals the police are meant to protect.

One of the core elements of successful police work is the understanding that fighting crime should not start with reactive measures but necessarily must begin with efforts to prevent the occurrence of crime pre-emptively. In order for the latter to take form in a way that is efficient and at the same time comprehensible to our citizens, they need to be involved in finding solutions and ways to improve their feeling of safety. After considerable success in the implementation of activities and partnerships based on community policing, the Austrian presidency would like to share experience and expertise with other Member States and to highlight the positive impact these activities can have on the work of the executive branches in these countries.

**Action:** *Information exchange through the means of the Network will be intensified*

- **Task:** relevant research articles will be disseminated through the newsletter and the website
- **Task:** Project information about EU co-funded projects will be gathered by the Secretariat through the National Representatives and disseminated
- **Secretariat task:** the secretariat will update every 2 weeks the financial information page on the website to give an overview of all possible open calls
- **Secretariat task:** in order to promote the BPC-ECPA and increase to overall knowledge on the event, a video will be made
- **Task:** Bulgaria will organize one thematic seminar on Fraud
- **Task:** Austria will organize the BPC-ECPA which will contribute to the dissemination of the ECPA projects
- **Task:** the presidencies will invite relevant international institutions to their seminar meetings and to the BPC-ECPA
- **Action:** develop relevant interregional information exchange

- **Task:** the Secretariat will write a paper about the policy similarities and differences between the EU Member States and the regions within the EU. The National representatives will make sure that the Secretariat is updated about changes in policy

**Action:** *Analyse and development of the Network's concept of crime prevention*

- **Secretariat task:** A literature study will be set-up and consultations with the academic world, the stakeholders and the Member States will be started

**Action:** *Dissemination of information on relevant crime problems and on adequate responses to those*

- **Action:** Review of victim surveys and research on comparable criminal statistics and fear of crime
  - **Secretariat task:** The Secretariat will produce a new European Crime Prevention Monitor report in 2018. This report will summarise data from different crime statistics, victim surveys and fear of crime studies.
- **Action:** Development of recommendations on approaching challenges of crime problems by target groups
  - **Task:** The Secretariat will, in cooperation with the Bulgarian Presidency, organise a workshop with experts specialised on Fraud through telephone calls during the Bulgarian Presidency, and will provide recommendations that can be disseminated among target group members.
  - **Task:** The Secretariat will, in cooperation with the Austrian Presidency, organise a workshop with experts specialised on Community policing during the Austrian Presidency, and will provide recommendations that can be disseminated among target group members.

**Action:** *Assessing the impact of crime prevention work*

- **Secretariat task:** the Secretariat will increase its research output by engaging into research themselves and by subcontracting research to universities. The exact research questions will be discussed within the Board meetings of 2018.
- **Secretariat task:** the Secretariat will make an analysis about EU trends across Member States with regards to crime prevention
- **Task:** the Member States will update their information on the policy of different crime prevention phenomena.

**Action:** *The EUCPN should further develop its range of outputs to increase the capacity to respond to key stakeholder needs (REC4)*

- **Secretariat task:** The Secretariat will engage with local practitioners in the course of developing toolkits or exchanges of good practices.

- **Secretariat task:** The Secretariat continues to engage with relevant institutions and respond to requests for inputs.

**Goal C) To support and facilitate crime prevention activities at national and local level**

With a view to increase the preventive approach in Europe, the EUCPN will support policy makers and practitioners at national and local level. The EUCPN Secretariat is ready to assist National Representatives with knowledge and to support funding applications.

**Action:** *Review of EU funding sources and national funding mechanisms of crime prevention activities*

- **Secretariat task:** the Secretariat will continuously update information about the funding opportunities for the target groups

**Action:** *publishing key documents in national languages*

- **Task:** Translation of event conclusions and recommendations: at least the ECPA winning projects should be distributed in national languages
- **Action:** A key EUCPN priority should be to produce good practice material for crime prevention practitioners at a regional and local level
  - **Task:** the toolboxes produced by the Secretariat will be translated into 4 national languages: English, French, German and the language of the presidency

**Action:** *Implementation of good/best practices by Member States*

- **Secretariat task:** the secretariat provides support and evaluations to Member States wanting to adapt projects being ECPA winners
- **Task:** An overview of implemented projects and ideas will be developed
- **Task:** the links between the EUCPN and the national crime prevention institutions will be improved by organizing a meeting in Brussels

**Action:** *Providing the Member States with useful campaign material to raise awareness amongst their citizens*

- **Secretariat task:** The Secretariat will develop at least 2 awareness raising campaigns in relation to the EU priorities.

- **Goal D) To develop various aspects of crime prevention at EU level in respect of the EU strategy of crime prevention**

**Action:** *closer cooperation with relevant EU bodies, agencies and organisations*

- **Secretariat task:** the Secretariat will organize a stakeholders meeting with relevant partners
- **Task:** the Secretariat and the Board will develop closer relationships with other European and international entities in the crime prevention field
- **Task:** the Secretariat and the Presidency in office will identify and involve, depending on topics and circumstances, other crime prevention bodies in EUCPN activities.

**Action:** increase the visibility of the EUCPN towards the international level

- **Task:** the Secretariat and the Board will identify the events and other activities organised by other organisations. The Secretariat and the Presidency, if deemed appropriate, may look for an invitation to these activities and give the possibility to the National Representatives or a member of the Secretariat to participate and give a presentation of the activities of the EUCPN with the aim to raise its visibility.

**Action:** *The EUCPN has decided to systematically align its priorities with the agreed EU priorities as regards the fight against crime (REC1)*

- **Task:** The trio will choose one EU priority to work on during 18 months. The presidencies within the trio will then translate this priority to local needs.
- **Task:** The Commissions' annual working programme will be put on the agenda for discussion at the Executive Committee and Board Meeting following its adoption by the Commission.
- **Task:** The Presidencies, with the help of the Secretariat, will include on agendas of upcoming Board Meeting relevant developments in Working Group meetings (LEWP, Genval, COSI...). National Representatives will be canvassed for agenda topics in advance of Board Meetings.
- **Task:** The EUCPN secretariat, together with the executive committee, will take the lead in the inclusion of EU priorities in the discussion on the future of the Network.

**Action:** *The EUCPN should develop its role in making inputs to EU and Member State policymaking in the crime prevention field (REC2)*

- **Task:** The Presidencies will invite the Board to identify one relevant EU and Member State topic per year addressing Genval and the European Commission with results.



- **Task:** the Presidency in office will inform Genval about the main activities and recommendations proposed by the EUCPN.
- **Task:** the Presidency in office, the Member States and the EUCPN-secretariat will proactively increase circulation of information on EUCPN activities/projects on national and EU-level.

**Action:** *A more strategic approach to determining EUCPN activities, and strengthening its role in providing inputs to policymaking at the EU and Member State level is needed therefore the EUCPN Secretariat will provide:*

- *An understanding of EU trends and across Member States with regard to crime;*
  - *An overview of Member States' crime prevention institutional set-ups, strategies and policies (some of this information is already available);*
  - *To the extent that can be assessed, an assessment of what impact crime prevention measures have on different types of criminal activity.*
- **Task:** The Secretariat will further develop and circulate research and outcomes. The Member States will provide the Secretariat with relevant research.
  - **Secretariat task:** the Secretariat will engage in more research of its own and will provide for an analyses of the different policies amongst Member States
  - **Task:** The Board will annually include/update on the website an overview of Member States' Crime prevention institutional set-ups, strategies and policies.

## **Annex 1 Work Programme Projects**

### **Project 1**

Project title:

**Prevention Project Dunkelfeld (PPD)**

Main theme:

Reducing the frequency of child sexual abuse.

Project purpose and outcome:

This project is directed at people seeking therapeutic help because they feel sexually attracted to children and adolescents and/or who use child abusive images. Within the course of therapy, the person concerned is offered support concerning the prevention of child sexual abuse in the form of hands-on contact or 'online abuse' by using or producing child abusive image material.

Project submitter (Member State):

Germany – Federal Ministry of Justice

Project leader(s): Institute of Sexology and Sexual Medicine at the University Hospital Charité – Campus Mitte in Berlin

Project partner(s): other German universities

Project description (max. 150 words):

The Prevention Project Dunkelfeld (PPD) provides confidential treatment free of charge for individuals who have a partial or exclusive sexual preference in terms of pedophilia or hebephilia and seek therapeutic help.

Objectives project (max. 150 words):

The overall goal of the project is to reduce the frequency of child sexual abuse by a nationwide establishment of professionally qualified, preventive outpatient therapy offers, directed at persons with a pedophilic/hebephilic preference in the Dunkelfeld. Furthermore, the project aims at raising the problem-awareness in the users of child abusive images and their relatives and to increase the readiness of accepting therapeutic help.

Project outcome (max. 150 words):

During the course of the project, therapy results are systematically being collected and scientifically evaluated. By this means the project wants to show, that individuals with a sexual preference towards children and users of child abusive images can be helped by an expert diagnosis and professional therapy to refrain from assaulting children. Furthermore it is this project's goal to inform the community about the topic pedophilia/hebephilia and to encourage an objective discussion within in our society.

Start and end project:

The project was started 2005 in Berlin. Meanwhile there are several locations in Germany.

Timescales and key milestone dates:

The aim is a region wide establishment of professionally qualified, preventive outpatient therapy offers.

Funding (total budget and type of funding (e.g. ISEC, EUCPN Fund,...)):

The PPD is supported by the Federal Ministry of Justice, business concerns and a foundation.

Contact details project:

[www.dont-offend.org](http://www.dont-offend.org) (this website contains a contact person and a contact form).

## Project 2

Project title:

**Radio Campaign**

Main theme:

Key issue 3: Fight against Drugs Trafficking – Drug awareness

Project proposer:

Drug Law Enforcement Unit

Project leader(s):

Sergeant 1212, G. Kokkinos, Cyprus

Project supporter(s):

Prevention office - D.L.E.U.

Project scope:

National radio-stations with high ratings by youth.

Project outcomes (max. 150 words):

Promotion of the drug telephone help - line “1498”.

Timescales and key milestone dates:

1. Planning the campaign through an advertising agency - second trimester of the year 2015.
2. Implementation of the campaign - third trimester of the year 2015.

Funding issues:

Founded by E.E. and Cyprus Republic

### Project 3

Project title:

**Print promotional materials anti-drugs.**

Main theme:

Key issue 3: Fight against Drugs Trafficking – Drug awareness

Project proposer:

Drug Law Enforcement Unit

Project leader(s):

Sergeant 1212, G. Kokkinos

Project supporter(s):

Prevention office - D.L.E.U.

Project scope:

Distribution of the promotional materials to students, members of the National Guard and communities.

Project outcomes (max. 150 words):

To provide the people with reliable information about drug substances.

Timescales and key milestone dates:

1. Design of the promotional material - first trimester of the year 2015.
2. Translation of the promotional material in English – second trimester of the year 2015.
3. Printing of the material – third trimester of the year 2015.
4. Distribution of the promotional material.

Funding issues:

Founded by E.E. and Cyprus Republic

#### Project 4

Project title:

**European local Authorities against extremism LIAISE 2**

Main theme:

Prevention of violent radicalisation in European cities by strengthening the capacity of local authorities as key, first line actors of prevention.

Project purpose and outcome (in two sentences):

“European local authorities against extremism” wants to prevent radicalisation leading to terrorism and violent extremism. Its overall goal is to strengthen the capacity of European towns, cities and regions to prevent and deal with violent radicalisation.

Project submitter (Member State):

France

Project leader(s):

European Forum for Urban Security

Project partner(s):

Ufuq e.V., City of Augsburg, Department of Justice - Generalitat de Catalunya, City of Alexandroupolis, City of Bagneux, City of Bordeaux, BRAVVO - City of Brussels, City of Dusseldorf, City of L'Hospitalet de Llobregat, City of Liège, City of Malmö, City of Paris, City of Reggio Emilia, City of Sarcelles, City of Setubal, City of Toulouse, Forum Belge pour la Prévention et la Sécurité urbaine, Forum Français pour la Sécurité urbaine, Italian Forum for Urban security, Confederation of European probation, City of Bologna, City of Essen, German European Forum for Urban Security DEFUS.

Project description (max. 150 words):

**Creating and bringing to life a European network of local authorities to prevent violent radicalisation**

LIAISE will create a European network of local and regional authorities by bringing together 18 cities, 3 regions, 5 associations of cities and 3 thematic NGOs; in total, 29 partner organisations from 10 countries, embedded into the Efus network of more than 250 local authorities in Europe and its national Forums. The network will be launched and brought to life through the activities of the LIAISE2 and shall subsequently continue its work as part of the European Forum. This network and will subsequently continue its work as part of the Efus. It would complement the RAN, which does not include a network of local authorities in its working group system.

**Organising 18 training sessions in 9 countries**

During the first phase of work in the partner cities, training will be delivered for the stakeholders of the local multi-agency prevention partnerships in each partner city and representatives of guest cities. A total of 18 training sessions in 9 countries will be organised,

based on the training modules currently being developed as part of the LIAISE project.

#### **Setting up a resource webpage for local authorities**

At the same time, a European resource webpage will be developed. It will bring together available knowledge and tools, local practices and serve as a platform for dialogue for the project's partners.

#### **Implementing pilot initiatives to prevent violent radicalisation in 17 European cities and regions**

During the second phase of work in the partner cities, the local authorities will launch a local prevention initiative based on the received training and their analysis of the local situation.

#### **Organising 5 European thematic seminars**

Over the two years of the project, 5 European thematic seminars will provide a space for European exchange and dialogue and political discussion. They will be occasions for the "European local authorities against extremism" – to present itself and the work accomplished and to reach out to other European local and regional authorities as well as to other national and European stakeholders.

#### **Communication, documentation and dissemination**

During the third phase of work in the partner cities, the implemented activities will be documented and reviewed by the cities in cooperation with Efus and the expert partners. The knowledge gained in this way will be documented and disseminated.

#### **Objectives project (max. 150 words):**

The "European local authorities against extremism" project (LIAISE2) wants to prevent radicalisation leading to terrorism and violent extremism by federating European local and regional authorities and strengthening their capacity to prevent and deal with violent radicalisation.

LIAISE 2 aims to:

- Create a European network of local authorities to prevent violent radicalisation
- Support the creation of the institutional infrastructure in order to provide a multi-agency prevention partnership to understand and deal with various aspects of radicalisation and extremism in a given territory.
- Provide training for the local authorities and their multi-agency prevention partnerships
- Launch pilot initiatives - to apply locally the knowledge gained through training, and to develop innovative practices.

#### **Project outcome (max. 150 words):**

- A European network and a political platform representing European local and regional authorities (29 partner organisations, 10 countries, 18 cities, 3 regions, 5 associations of cities, 3 thematic NGOs embedded in a longstanding network of more than 250 local authorities across Europe)
- Training for 200 local frontline actors from 20 cities and 10 countries
- Pilot initiatives in 17 European local and regional authorities in 9 countries
- Online Resources for local authorities
- A review of pilot initiatives and European practices

- Policy recommendations for the local, national, European and international levels.

Start and end project:

From 05/01/2016 to 04/01/2018

Timescales and key milestone dates:

The project will be piloted and managed by Efus, implemented by the partners on their respective activities. The project is based on 5 Work packages that follow each other in the timeline but are interdependent:

WP0: Management and coordination of the project

WP1: European network of local authorities to prevent violent radicalisation

WP2: Training session in each partner city and region

WP3: Pilot initiatives in each partner city and region

WP4: Communication, documentation and dissemination

Funding (total budget and type of funding (e.g. ISEC, EUCPN Fund,...)):

European Commission: Internal security fund police (2014-2020) - Call for proposals – home/2014/isfp/ag/radx - Preventing radicalisation to terrorism and violent extremism

EU contribution: 618.611,85€ (90% of the project's total costs)

Contact details project:

Elizabeth JOHNSTON, Executive Director

[contact@efus.eu](mailto:contact@efus.eu)



## Project 5

Project title:

**Cost & Impact of Cybercrime in Belgium**

Main theme:

Create a country-specific model to analyse and determine the damage caused by cybercriminals in the Belgian society.

Project purpose and outcome (in two sentences):

The project aims to reach an objective, realistic and up to date picture of cybercrime in Belgium and its evolution over time.

A critical assessment of international research reports will be conducted to get an overview on the existing know-how in measuring the cost of cybercrime and the indicators to be used.

Project submitter (Member State):

Belgium

Project leader(s):

Center for IT & IP law (KU Leuven)

Project partner(s):

UGent, Belgian Center for Cybersecurity, Home Office Belgium

Project description (max. 150 words):

Work Packages :

<u>WP1</u>	Stocktaking and requirement analysis
<u>WP2</u>	Building a model for Belgium
<u>WP3</u>	Data collection among Citizens
<u>WP4</u>	Data collection among Industry Sectors
<u>WP5</u>	Data collection among Government Authorities
<u>WP6</u>	Countermeasures investment – cost forecasting
<u>WP7</u>	Dissemination and valorisation

Objectives project (max. 150 words):

Different data sources with information on cybercrime in Belgium will be identified and analysed and an assessment will be made of missing data sources.

Conducted over a period of four years, the research will deliver a better informed and scientifically based view on the menace, thanks to a country-specific model for assessing the impact and cost of cybercrime, to be used in the coming years for collecting comparable and sound information. Moreover, it will also provide strategic insights and guidelines to policy makers on how to advance the implementation of principles integrated in the Belgian National Cyber Security Strategy.

**Project outcome (max. 150 words):**

Overall, there will be two main research results:

- a methodology and model with proven indicators to be monitored to yield an overview on what is the extent of the cost and impact of cybercrime in Belgium
- an overview of cost and impact of cybercrime in Belgium, obtained by applying the model designed.

**Start and end project:**

01/06/2014 – 28/02/2018

**Timescales and key milestone dates:**

2014	Survey general public > results 2015
2016	Survey industry > results 2016
2016	Survey governmental authorities
2017	Follow up survey general public
2018	Report and communication strategy + guidelines and recommendation

**Funding (total budget and type of funding (e.g. ISEC, EUCPN Fund,...)):**

684.731 EUR (Federal budget of research)

**Contact details project:**

Ann Mennens B-CCENTRE ([ann.mennens@kuleuven.be](mailto:ann.mennens@kuleuven.be))

## Project 6

Project title:

**Improving crime victims' access to services and creating contacts points for victims of crime**

Main theme:

The main theme of the national project is to create and strengthen institutional capacity in the field of prevention, help and support for the victims of crime – with focus on the:

- Fasten and simplify the access of the victims to appropriate and adequate social, psychological and legal assistance.
- Development of the standards and processes for accessible and efficient government in the field of assistance for the crime victims

Project purpose and outcome (in two sentences):

Is to create analytical unit for analyzing needs of crime victims in order to receive appropriate protection and support and to prepare legislative proposals and preparation of analysis which could be used on the national level.

Project submitter (Member State):

Slovakia

Project leader(s):

Crime prevention department of Ministry of Interior

Project partner(s):

Office of plenipotentiary for civil society

Project description (max. 150 words):

By creating and strengthening institutional capacities in the field of crime prevention, protection and unlawful acts victims' support is to create a mechanism of effective and accelerated victims' access to the corresponding social, psychological and legal aid.

Part of the objectives is to setup process standardization for reaching accessible and effective public administration in the field of aid provision for crime's victims on the national level and to train responsible coordinators and their assistants in order to provide sufficient aid and support.

As a part of crime prevention, there are planned several prevention and dissemination activities among project's target groups.

Objectives project (max. 150 words):

- Development of analytical unit to analyze needs and support victims
- Creation of coordinators network for crime's victims
- Methodical regulation and coordination contact units, standards and method's creation and ratification from each topics with focus on the victim's needs

- Cooperation setup
- Training coordinators, assistants and police officers on local and national level
- Development of the contact units database and evaluation of the results
- Preventive activities with selected victims

Project outcome (max. 150 words):

- Coordination network for the crime victims
- Analytical centre
- Development of cooperation and psychological, social and law assistance for the victims of the crime
- Training of trainers for the law enforcement participants
- Trainings for participant from different fields that have contact with the victims of crime (social workers, police officers, NGO's )
- Preventive activities and complex communication campaign using online and offline tools

Start and end project:

02/2016 – 01/2019

Timescales and key milestone dates:

- Development of analytical unit to analyze needs and support victims 02/2016 – 01/2019
- Creation of coordinators network for crime's victims 02/2016 – 01/2019
- Methodical regulation and coordination contact units, standards and method's creation and ratification from each topics with focus on the victim's needs 02/2016 – 12/2016
- Cooperation setup 02/2016 – 01/2019
- Training coordinators, assistants and police officers on local and national level 05/2016 – 01/2019
- Development of the contact units database and evaluation of the results 09/2016- 01/2019
- Preventive activities with selected victims 02/2016 – 01/2019

Funding (total budget and type of funding (e.g. ISEC, EUCPN Fund,...)):

4 mil €, operational program Effective public administration, European social fund

Contact details project:

Ing. Jozef Halcin - [jozef.halcin@minv.sk](mailto:jozef.halcin@minv.sk)

## Project 7

Project title:

**“Protect your device” (temporary appellation)**

Main theme:

Robbery

Project purpose and outcome (in two sentences):

Almost all smartphone or tablet have anti-theft function. This project aim to make the citizens aware of this function.

Project submitter (Member State):

Belgium

Project leader(s):

Direction Local Integral Security

Project partner(s):

Google

Project description (max. 150 words):

Awareness to protect the devices like smartphone and tablet (most stolen goods in case of domestic burglary).

Objectives project (max. 150 words):

- Awareness campaign to the citizens to use the anti-theft function on their devices

Project outcome (max. 150 words):

- Increase activation of anti-theft function
- Decrease number of stolen devices

Start and end project:

May 2018 – Feb 2019

Timescales and key milestone dates:

Action	Timetable (end)
Preparation campaign	May - 18
Campaign	Oct - 18
Evaluation outcome campaign	Feb - 19

Funding (total budget and type of funding (e.g. ISEC, EUCPN Fund,...)):

Has to be clarified. First estimation : 30 K€ (own funds)

Contact details project:

[Pierre.thomas@ibz.fgov.be](mailto:Pierre.thomas@ibz.fgov.be)

## Project 8

Project title:

**“Best practices to tackle urban crime (incivilities)” (temporary appellation)**

Main theme:

Urban crime (incivilities)

Project purpose and outcome (in two sentences):

Recommendation to tackle urban crime based on evaluated local projects and to increase citizens empowerment.

Project submitter (Member State):

Belgium

Project leader(s):

Direction Local Integral Security

Project partner(s):

Local authorities

Academics (UCL, VUB, UGent)

Project description (max. 150 words):

Elaboration of recommendations with a Work Group composed by federal civil servants and by local authorities. A component of those recommendations must be rely on increase co-production with citizens of solution to tackle urban crime

Objectives project (max. 150 words):

- Manuel to the attention of the Belgian mayors to tackle with efficiency some urban crimes

Project outcome (max. 150 words):

- Change the approach of local authorities
- Develop the coproduction (with citizens) of security in the field of urban crimes
- Decrease the sense of insecurity in (some) cities

Start and end project:

Jan 2018 – March 2019 (+ 2020)

Timescales and key milestone dates:

Action	Timetable (end)
Null measurement of sense of insecurity in some local authorities	Jan - March 18 (with communication of the results later)
Interviews with academics	March 18

Work Group recommendations	Oct - 18
Evaluation	March – 19 (and 2020)

Funding (total budget and type of funding (e.g. ISEC, EUCPN Fund,...)):

First estimation : 130 K€ (own funds)

Contact details project:

[Pierre.thomas@ibz.fgov.be](mailto:Pierre.thomas@ibz.fgov.be)



## Project 9

Project title:

“Live Democracy! Active against Right-wing Extremism, Violence and Hate”

Main theme:

The promotion of civil participation and democratic behavior as well as the prevention of any kind of extremism.

Project purpose and outcome (in two sentences):

Through this federal programme the Federal Ministry for Family Affairs, Senior Citizens, Women and Youth promotes civil participation and democratic behavior at local, regional and national level. Associations, projects and initiatives which are dedicated to promoting democracy and diversity and work against right-wing extremism, racism, antisemitism, Islamic extremism and other forms of hostility to democracy and inhuman behaviour, against violence, hatred and radicalisation, are supported by the federal programme.

Project submitter (Member State):

Germany

Project leader(s):

Federal Ministry for Family Affairs, Senior Citizens, Women and Youth

Project partner(s):

In particular civil society (associations, projects, initiatives etc.) as well as the Laender

Project description (max. 150 words):

Support is provided throughout Germany to local authorities as local “Partnerships for Democracy”, the regional democracy centres in the Federal Laender, the structural development of nation-wide NGOs along with pilot projects on selected phenomena of group-related hate, in rural areas and for the prevention of radicalisation in the areas of right-wing extremism, Islamist extremism and left-wing militancy. Since 2017 in addition there are pilot projects on the topics of civic engagement and diversity at the workplace, strengthening democracy in the educational sector, living together in a diverse society, strengthening civic engagement on the web as well as the prevention and de-radicalisation in prison and probation.

As one example amongst many, funding is given to the Violence Prevention Network, which aims to identify radicalisation as early as possible and classify degrees of radicalisation. It seeks to adopt appropriate (preventive) measures to reverse radicalisation processes and to initiate a process of de-radicalisation.

Objectives project (max. 150 words):

The federal programme as a whole and all its various projects in particular aim at the

promotion of democracy and the prevention of extremism. The target groups for the federal programme include children and young people, their parents, family members and reference persons, voluntary, part-time and full-time youth support workers, multipliers and state and civil society organisations.

**Project outcome (max. 150 words):**

In running this programme, the Federal Government has already implemented a number of important recommendations of the NSU Investigation Committee for the permanent adoption and expansion of successful approaches.

**Start and end project:**

The programme started at the beginning of 2015 and runs until the end of 2019.

**Funding (total budget and type of funding (e.g. ISEC, EUCPN Fund,...)):**

104,5 million € in 2017

**Contact details project:**

<https://www.demokratie-leben.de/bundesprogramm/kontakt.html>

## Project 10

### Project title:

Development of criteria for evaluation of interventions aimed at prevention of (religiously motivated) extremism

### Main theme:

As yet, there is little evidence that interventions in the field of the prevention of religiously motivated extremism really work. In Germany, information on the effectiveness of such interventions is sparse.

### Project purpose and outcome (in two sentences):

To develop criteria which can be used in evaluations of interventions aiming to reduce radicalisation tendencies.

To provide a standardised instrument which can be used in the area of secondary and tertiary prevention (de-radicalisation).

### Project submitter (Member State):

Germany

### Project leader(s):

German National Centre for Crime Prevention / German Forum for Crime Prevention

### Project partner(s):

N/A

### Project description (max. 150 words):

The project consists of two modules:

- (1) Indicators of radicalisation are developed using a qualitative and participative approach. The main hypothesis postulates that indicators of radicalisation are either “universal” or “context-specific”. We therefore carry out focus groups with staff from various institutions including primary and secondary prevention, refugee arrival centres, prisons, police and secret services, religious leaders and experts, adolescents, and psychiatric-/ psychological experts. Indicators which are described across the majority of focus groups will be considered “universal” and indicators which are discussed only in specific focus groups are considered “context-specific”. To reduce the number of criteria we intend to apply a Delphi-method asking experts to rate the relevance of the criteria in their field.
- (2) The instrument will contain operationalised criteria. Psychometric properties such as inter-item-correlations, Cronbach’s alpha, inter-rater-agreement will be tested before application in research in secondary and/ or tertiary prevention.

### Objectives project (max. 150 words):

The development of indicators of radicalisation (please see above).

Project outcome (max. 150 words):

A scientifically sound, standardised instrument for the assessment of indicators of radicalisation which can be used in secondary and tertiary prevention.

Start and end project:

1st of March 2017 – 31st of December 2019

Timescales and key milestone dates:

31st of March 2018: Development of the instrument

31st of December 2019: Dissemination of the instrument

Funding (total budget and type of funding (e.g. ISEC, EUCPN Fund,...)):

750.000 €, German Federal Ministry of the Interior

Contact details project:

Dr. Simone Ullrich

National Centre for Crime Prevention

Graurheindorfer Str. 198

53117 Bonn, Germany

[simone.ullrich@bmi.bund.de](mailto:simone.ullrich@bmi.bund.de)

## Project 11

### Project title:

Mapping, identifying and developing skills and opportunities in operating environments to co-create innovative, ethical and effective actions to tackle radicalization leading to violent extremism (MINDb4ACT)

### Main theme:

The examination of individual, local, national and international approaches to identify, comprehend and prevent radicalization leading to violent extremism.

### Project purpose and outcome (in two sentences):

MINDb4ACT aims to improve the current counter-violent extremism policies, generate new ones and connect law enforcement agencies (LEAs) and other practitioners working in the field of counter-violent radicalization. As an outcome MINDb4ACT will deliver policy recommendations extracted from validated results obtained from four kinds of interventions (research actions, exchanges among LEAs, strategic-policy exercises, training courses and pilot projects) with contributions from technology industry, social innovation and civic engagement schemes.

### Project submitter (Member State):

Spain

### Project leader(s):

ELCANO ROYAL INSTITUTE, Spain

### Project partner(s):

SYNYO GmbH, Austria

FRAUEN OHNE GRENZEN - WOMEN WITHOUT BORDERS/SAVE-SISTERS AGAINST VIOLENT EXTREMISM, Austria

EUROPEAN ORGANISATION FOR SECURITY SCRL, Belgium

VRIJE UNIVERSITEIT BRUSSEL, Belgium

POLICE SERVICE OF NORTHERN IRELAND, United Kingdom

SHEFFIELD HALLAM UNIVERSITY (CENTRIC), United Kingdom

MINISTERO DELLA GIUSTIZIA, Italy

AGENFOR International NGO, Italy

MINISTERIO DEL INTERIOR and AYUNTAMIENTO DE MADRID, Spain

STOWARZYSZENIE POLSKA PLATFORMA BEZPIECZENSTWA WEWNETRZNEGO, Poland

KOMENDA WOJEWODZKA POLICJI W POZNANIU, Poland

FONDATION POUR LA RECHERCHE STRATEGIQUE, France

HOCHSCHULE FUR DEN OEFFENTLICHEN DIENST IN BAYERN, Germany

FREIE UNIVERSITAET BERLIN, Germany

DANSK INSTITUT FOR INTERNATIONALE STUDIER, Denmark

POLIISIAMMATTIKORKEAKOULU, Finland

**Project description (max. 150 words):**

The MINDb4ACT project charts the existing practices and engages in developing new ones in order to support the prevention of violent radicalization and extremism (CVE). The project will not be focused on studying the phenomenon of radicalization but on developing policy recommendations and practical solutions for end-users. Thus, efforts will concentrate on analyzing the current status of the prevention of CVE in Europe, systematizing the available information and competencies in order to support authorities' operations and strategic decision-making, and strengthening multidisciplinary cooperation in preventing violent radicalization. In addition to research work, the project involves exchange programs for authorities, practices, courses and pilot projects.

**Objectives project (max. 150 words):**

MINDb4ACT will contribute to the improvement of current counter-violent extremism policies (CVEs) in the countries represented in the consortium (Austria, Belgium Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Italy Poland, Spain and United Kingdom) and the generation of new ones connecting through collaboration ecosystems (innovative, open, participatory, user-centred environments) to co-design interventions such as research actions, exchanges, strategic-policy exercises, training courses and pilot projects based on social innovation and civic engagement schemes (a community of practice of 1,500 people). All actions will be developed in 5 specific domains: prisons and judiciary system; migration hotspots and asylum centres; schools; cities (peri-urban contexts) as well as the internet and media. A special contribution of the project will be the integration of technology based practical solutions with the contribution of the industry.

**Project outcome (max. 150 words):**

The project will produce recommendations for the development of current practices, as well as practical solutions for stakeholders, end-users and decision-makers in the security sector. On the one hand, the project will have an impact by advancing the knowledge transfer and capacities enhancement of LEAs and first line-practitioners, on the other hand, a number of validated pilot projects, with involvement of relevant stakeholders and researchers will advance the understanding of the whole cycle of policy-design at strategic, coordination and implementation levels.

Start and end project:

September 2017 – August 2020

Timescales and key milestone dates:

Phase 1 “Explore” (Month 1 – 8): Conceptualize and design Living Labs

Phase 2 “Connect” (Month 8 – 18): Map main differences and commonalities on current counter-violent extremism policies and practices

Phase 3 “Act” (Month 18 – 30): Develop main interventions, interactions among stakeholders and implement training courses and pilot projects

Phase 4 “Learn” (Month 30 – 36): Extract main findings to deliver recommendations for each phase of policy cycle

Funding (total budget and type of funding (e.g. ISEC, EUCPN Fund,...)):

Total budget: 3 Mio €

Funded by the European Union's H2020 Programme for research, technological development and demonstration under Grant Agreement no 740543.

Programme: H2020-SEC-06-FCT-2016: Developing a comprehensive approach to violent radicalization in the EU from early understanding to improving protection.

Contact details project:

Fundación Real Instituto Elcano - Madrid

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## Project 12

Project title:

“Safe Świętokrzyskie Voivodeship”

Main theme:

Cooperation for common safety.

Project purpose and outcome (in two sentences):

The main objectives of the Programme include:

- reduction of common crime and vandalism;
- improvement of road traffic safety;
- protection of children, youth, disabled and elderly persons;
- prevention of social pathologies.

The aim of the Programme is to support the activity and promote municipalities and counties where activities of natural and legal persons contributed to a significant improvement of public security situation and protection of state, municipal and private property.

Project submitter (Member State):

Poland

Project leader(s):

The members of the Chapter include: Voivode of the Świętokrzyskie Voivodeship, Marshal of the Świętokrzyskie Voivodeship, Voivodeship Commander of the Police in Kielce, President of the Association “Union of Towns and municipalities of the Świętokrzyskie Region”, President of the Staroste Council of the Świętokrzyskie Voivodeship.

Cooperating entities:

Municipalities and counties participating in the implementation of the Programme.

Project description (max. 150 words):

The “Safe Świętokrzyskie Voivodeship” Programme defines the framework of cooperation for common safety and is also a glossary of terms. It identifies areas where threats occur and possible actions in a given area. It is a tool coordinating prevention measures implemented in the voivodeship in various fields of widely understood safety. The Programme inspires local governments to take actions going beyond their tasks assigned in legal regulations and implementing acts, in cooperation with non-governmental organisations and local communities.

Under the Programme, a “Koziołek” award is granted every year to the county which undertook actions, going beyond its regular tasks, aimed at increasing safety and protecting state or private property, which contributed significantly to promoting social activity in the area of human safety and public law and order. The award also provides an incentive in the form of funds for prevention measures in the awarded counties.



**Objectives project (max. 150 words):**

The Programme is to support activities and promote municipalities and counties where natural and legal persons contributed to improvement of public safety and protection of state, municipal and private property. Its main objective, i.e. maximum safety for Świętokrzyskie Voivodeship inhabitants, was an inspiration for “Koziołek” award, at the initiative of Inspector Tadeusz Cielecki, the Voivodeship Commander of the Police in Kielce. The award is to:

- Support activities of municipalities and counties and promote them, recognize their work and commitment to implementing the “Safe Świętokrzyskie Voivodeship” Programme;
- Consolidate social attitudes strengthening law and order, civic response to negative phenomena and sense of security of citizens and their property; Present good examples, achievements, actions for combating crime and pathologies;
- Increase social acceptance for actions of persons, law enforcement services and institutions acting for safety of citizens and for protection of their rights and property;
- Support financially the entities best implementing the programme.

**Project outcome (max. 150 words):**

The “Safe Świętokrzyskie Voivodeship” Programme is a bond consolidating, maintaining, inspiring and coordinating the undertakings of numerous entities responsible for public safety, namely, central and local government public administration, the Police, non-Police institutions, non-governmental organisations, the Church, volunteers and others. Increasing integration of activities related to safety which translates into numerous valuable local initiatives is the fulfilment of the mission and commitments resulting from adoption of the Programme for implementation.

The promotion of municipalities and counties provides an opportunity to present good practices and indicate possible actions for combating crime and pathologies. The award is not only a statuette but also funds for prevention measures in the awarded counties, which provide an incentive to act.

**Start and end project:**

The “Safe Świętokrzyskie Voivodeship” Programme originated in December 1999, and was planned for 5 years. The success of the first edition of the Programme resulted in a decision on its continuation, with subsequent editions planned for 2006-2010 and 2011-2015. The current edition is planned for the years 2016-2020.

Funding (total budget and type of funding (e.g. ISEC, EUCPN Fund,...)):

The "Safe Świętokrzyskie Voivodeship" Programme has no own sources of funding. Pursuant to statutory regulations, the implementation of prevention measures and their financing are the responsibility of local governments.

Financial awards to counties are funded as follows:

- PLN 15,000 for the first place is funded by the Voivode of the Świętokrzyskie Voivodeship;
- PLN 10,000 for the second place is funded by the Marshal of the Świętokrzyskie Voivodeship;
- PLN 5,000 for the third place is funded by the the Voivode and the Marshal of the Świętokrzyskie Voivodeship.

Contact details project:

The Świętokrzyskie Voivodeship Office in Kielce

Security and Crisis Management Department

aleja IX Wieków Kielc 3; 25-516 Kielce

Phone: 41 342-16-88; 41 342-15-20

E-mail: [sekretariatWBizK@kielce.uw.gov.pl](mailto:sekretariatWBizK@kielce.uw.gov.pl); [wbizk01@kielce.uw.gov.pl](mailto:wbizk01@kielce.uw.gov.pl)

### Project 13

Project title:

**“Impact Evaluation”**

Main theme:

Impact assessment of local crime prevention projects

Project purpose and outcome (in two sentences):

The project aims to identify the local actions that “demonstrate” to be the most effective in terms of results achieved.

It is therefore a subject here of developing a new public policy decision support tool for local authorities.

Project submitter (Member State):

Belgium

Project leader(s):

Direction Local Integral Security

Project partner(s):

Belgian Universities ULB & VUB

Project description (max. 150 words):

Before concluding that an impact exists, we should must be able to 1) consider and reject alternative explanations, 2) explain on the contrary how the actions concretely carried out were able to achieve the observed result and 3) decide on the probability of this process. This is a crucial point that we develop within our organization. To acquire this know-how, a mission was assigned to a consortium of two Belgian universities ULB and VUB.

Objectives project (max. 150 words):

- Acquire a scientifically validated methodology to carry out the impact assessments
- Have trained staff to carry out this assessment
- Have a list of KPI to conduct and evaluate local crime prevention project on the field of Urban Crime, Robbery and Violence.
- Realized test and evaluate the methodology and the practicability of the determinate KPI

Project outcome (max. 150 words):

For local crime prevention projects, be able to:

- Ensure accountability (not only to the decision-making bodies that finance it, but also to the populations concerned by this action);
- Adjust the action;
- Deal with unfounded criticism of the action;
- Abandon what does not work.

Start and end project:

2017 – 2020

Timescales and key milestone dates:

<b>Action</b>	<b>Time (end)</b>
Develop an organized and detailed mapping of local subsidized crime prevention projects	June
Training staff for the use of the methodology	December
Methodology of the impact assessment of criminal phenomena (Urban Crime, Violence, Robbery)	December
List of KPI	January
Model for an impact assessment of approach to tackle crime by “Hot spot”	September 18
Test on the methodology and on the model	December 19
Integration of impact assessment as due procedure for local subsidized crime prevention project	January

Funding (total budget and type of funding (e.g. ISEC, EUCPN Fund,...)):

320 K€ (own funds)

Contact details project:

[Pierre.thomas@ibz.fgov.be](mailto:Pierre.thomas@ibz.fgov.be)

## Project 14

Project title:

**I'M HERE PROGRAM**

Main theme:

To maximize all the situations related to child safety on public spaces. Increasing the surveillance, giving a extra safety solution for parents and child tutors.

Project purpose and outcome (in two sentences):

Free access to a police database were parents of children between 02 and 09 years, fill a form with critical information such as address, phone numbers, emergency contacts and gets in a police station a wristband with a serial number. When this child, for some reason, is seen alone in a public space people can provide, with a 112 number, the number and the police contact parents.

Project submitter (Member State):

Portugal – Public Security Police

Project leader(s):

Public Security Police ([www.psp.pt](http://www.psp.pt))

Project partner(s):

PT Portugal (communication provider), RFM (radio broadcaster); IAC (a Portuguese ONG for children needs), TAP (airline), Missing Children Europe.

Project description (max. 150 words):

We start a pilot in late 2012 with more than 8.000 wristbands. Last summer we had more than 50.000 wristbands distributed among child between 02 and 09 years old. We want to provide an extra safety guarantee to parents because accidents happen and with that free program we can lead parents to police stations and besides giving a wristband, we give as well tips and have a positive speech with all for all the good reasons. This program starts in the 1<sup>st</sup> day of June and ends in the last day of September. We let our database functioning until the 31<sup>st</sup> of December for all the parents that want to maintain wristbands in child.

Objectives project (max. 150 words):

Our objective is to construct a safety environment for all, starting with children and engaging the parents in this objective. People often go to police stations for bad and negative reasons and with this program with invite all to came to police stations for positive reasons.

Project outcome (max. 150 words):

We already reached more than 100.000 childrens and more than 100.000 families in the last three years. We want to reach more in the next summer. In the last summer we had more

than 18 different nationalities which is a great increase. We want as well to increase the communication among Europe Countries because we work in a “112” basis of emergency and this can be used in different European countries for the same purpose: identify lost children in a public space.

Start and end project:

Every year and summer we launch the program in the 1<sup>st</sup> day of June and ended in the last day of September. More information in: <https://estouaqui.mai.gov.pt/> - website from the Program.

Timescales and key milestone dates:

2012: 8.000 wristbands, 2013: 24.000 wristbands, 2014: 25.000 wristbands and 2015: 51.000 wristbands from 19 different nationalities.

Funding (total budget and type of funding (e.g. ISEC, EUCPN Fund,...)):

We have 50% of the funds from partners (private Portuguese brands with social responsibility programs) and 50% from Police. This summer cost was nearly 10.000€

Contact details project:

Press and PR Cabinet in Portuguese Public Security Police – Subintendant Paulo Ornelas Flor – Largo da Penha de França, n.º 1, 1170-298 Lisboa – T: +351 218 111 049 – M: +351 962 128 581 – [contacto@psp.pt](mailto:contacto@psp.pt) – [pjflor@psp.pt](mailto:pjflor@psp.pt)

## Project 15

Project title:

**Special Program SIGNIFICANT BLUE.**

Main theme:

Safety of persons with intellectual disabilities and / or multiple disabilities and those who interact with them.

Project purpose and outcome (in two sentences):

1. Raise awareness and train professionals from organizations in the area of disability and rehabilitation to a culture of prevention of violence and abuse against persons with disabilities;
2. To sensitize the elements of the PSP to the problem of disability and the need for special protection of persons with disabilities; and
3. Promote inter-institutional cooperation between the PSP and the field of disability and rehabilitation.

Project submitter (Member State):

Portugal

Project leader(s):

Public Security Police

Project partner(s):

National Federation of Social Solidarity Cooperatives (FENACERCI), National Institute for Rehabilitation, IP (INR) and the National Confederation of Solidarity Institutions (CNIS).

Project description (max. 150 words):

The Special Program SIGNIFICANT BLUE is a nationwide project that aims to promote the safety of persons with intellectual disabilities and / or multiple disabilities and those who interact with them, and as three phases:

1. Training:

- a) Provide training to LEA of PSP, making them aware of the problems of people with disabilities and the need for special protection; and
- b) Provide training for professional organizations in the area of disability and rehabilitation, procedures and information necessary for the preparation of socio-criminal diagnosis and evidence-gathering.

2. Implementation:

- a) Promote local partnerships with the organizations of intellectual disability field and / or multiple disabilities, by entering into local protocols; and
- b) Name privileged interlocutors to interact with organizations in the field.

3. Development and Evaluation:

- a) Implementing awareness-raising actions directed to employees of partner

organizations, people with intellectual disabilities and / or multiple disabilities, and family or significant of these.

**Objectives project (max. 150 words):**

1. Raise awareness and train professionals from organizations in the area of disability and rehabilitation to a culture of prevention of violence and abuse against persons with disabilities;
2. To sensitize the elements of the PSP to the problem of disability and the need for special protection of persons with disabilities;
3. Promote inter-institutional cooperation between the PSP and the field of disability and rehabilitation;
4. Improve service and referral of people with disabilities; and
5. Specialize communication and information for people with disabilities.

**Project outcome (max. 150 words):**

1. On December 3, 2014 were signed more than 200 local protocols between the institutions in the area of disability and the police stations of the PSP.
2. During 2015, Police officers give 229 awareness-raising actions.

**Start and end project:**

Start at September 6, 2013, and it has no ending.

**Timescales and key milestone dates:**

September 6, 2013: First national protocol signed.

December 3, 2014: Second national protocol signed and more than 200 local protocols signed.

December 3, 2015: First evaluation reveals that where made 229 awareness-raising actions.

**Funding (total budget and type of funding (e.g. ISEC, EUCPN Fund,...)):**

(...)

**Contact details project:**

[hdguinote@psp.pt](mailto:hdguinote@psp.pt)



## Project 16

Project title:  
**Cyber jungle**

Project proposer:  
Poland

Project leader(s):  
The Municipal Police in Szczecin

Project supporter(s):  
The Schools Headmasters

### Project scope:

The "Cyber jungle" project is aimed at the younger Internet users, their carers as well as people taking part in their education and attitudes shaping. Its mission is to improve the overall security of the Internet users, especially those who are not properly prepared for it.

This set includes the surrounding reality: young people and children do not know the hazard and their parents - who in the accompanying circumstances had not followed the development of this medium

- are remaining in ignorance with respect to its capabilities and threats. It is a form of family dysfunction in terms of proper childcare.

Therefore, the security is based on many factor program components and is constructed of three main elements:

1. Increasing awareness of the program participants about the perils related with the Internet used by children and young people as well as improving the safety of its users. It is also one of the objectives of the program.
2. Activating parental control over minors benefiting from the resources and engineering data tools.
3. Introduction of the correlation element in the usual utilization of Internet resources by individual users in a secure direction to each family or group of users.

According to this plan different security levels are achieved by developing the ability to accurately search for specific information preventing contact with the unwanted content. This problem affects mostly youngest children, who should be able to precisely follow specific knowledge resources without the risk of contact with violence, pornography, etc.

- Older users should have the ability to assess legal aspects of their activity on the network often balancing on the edge of admissibility.
- Another area of impact is developing capacity to assess the risk when establishing virtual relationships and ability to conduct correspondence in a secure manner, i.e. without disclosure of sensitive data as well as creative and save use of defence mechanisms against process of grooming.
- The whole project includes the need to develop mechanisms for sharing resources and information technology tools with the minors and their guardians in such a way that the use, for example, of the social network did not facilitate the acquisition of knowledge about the family.
- The program is implemented through meetings and workshops with minors, and then with their carers and educators. This gives them the opportunity to acquire knowledge, which parents and guardians do not have, and use it during meetings that are conducted in a form of small talks with the use of multimedia technologies.

"Cyber jungle" handbook for parents was also published as well as "Cyber jungle" and "Cyber security" educational materials for parents and people interested in the issues. These publications contain information that introduce people who had no contact with the network before into the secrets of virtual reality. This message shows concepts for the average reader with a view to identify opportunities to supervise minors' online activities.

**Project outcomes (max. 150 words):**

Multimedia tools including instruments of social communication within the Internet might form the germ of crime. They allow young people to gain knowledge about the world, help to create their own system of values, shape attitudes and skills.

Due to their role in the modern world, especially in the education, they should be seen not only in terms of inexpressible possibilities and creating enormous opportunities, but also in terms of the hazards and risks and the potential use by criminal environment. Therefore, the objective of the project is to improve awareness of criminal responsibility for the behaviour exhibited on the Internet having comprehensive hallmarks of offences. The premises of the plan are also directed at widening the knowledge of adult users such as parents and educators about all the popular environments used by young people in a risky manner, which in turn grants them to work out effective supervision over them and shape their proper attitudes.

An important aspect of the plan is also teaching the ability to protect sensible information that can be used as a tool for criminal actions of certain groups.

The program calls for evolution of the ability to measure the importance of data transferred on the web (for criminal circles) about actual life. The adult participants have the opportunity (in the form of workshops) to understand how to have correspondence oriented for sensitive data acquisition, in a veiled way.

- Familiarise themselves with websites and portals used by young people and together with the leader conduct risk analysis for establishing the risky relationships, especially by younger users.
- They familiarize themselves with popular games and their narrative. They participate in a multimedia show that in an attractive way enriches their knowledge about the Internet.

This leads ultimately to establishing the authority of the parent/guardian oriented to the virtual reality, who becomes a partner for younger generation in the conversation.

So built family relationships allow common online activity, particularly in the field of social networks in such a direction that the information put up on them by individual household members do not complement each other and does not turn into a reliable image of the family in the network and the actual world which contributes to eliminate the dangers presented by the Internet.

Timescales and key milestone dates:

The level of execution of the project is measured by assessing the number of interested schools in terms of divisions and statistical information concerning the act committed by juvenile offenses including acts committed via the Internet in Szczecin.

- In 2014 we conducted 17 meetings,
- In 2015 we conducted 45 meetings
- In 2016 we will conduct in total 69 meetings

Crime Statistics:

- In 2014 we had a significant fall compared to 2013 in numbers of offenses committed, from over 400 to 303 as well as the number of juvenile offenders from 208 to 126.
- In 2015 we reported slightly raise to 310 offenses committed by 142 perpetrators.
- In the first half of 2016 this tendency remains when it comes to numbers of offenses as we reported 248 of them in the first half of the year, at the end of November 2016 our statistics close as 384 offenses, on the other side the number of perpetrators is falling, in the first half of the year we had 84 juvenile offenders 128 at the end of November 2016.

A downward movement is clearly visible. It should be mentioned that in the above period, we do not report common offenses committed via the Internet made by juvenile perpetrators, i.e.:

- Criminal offenses of article 286 § 1 of the Penalty Code (fraud),
- Art. 267 of the Penalty Code (theft of data),
- Art. 268 of the Penalty Code (violation of the right to learn the information through the demolition, removal, damage or change in the records).

The project is still in the implementation phase, which followed the needs reported by institutions interested in taking part in the plan. The potency of the meetings can provide information from the schools indicating the change in students' attitudes and common and consistent functioning of parents in improving parental control and a reduction of offenses given by minors despite the growth in Internet usage. Execution of the project is proceeding in conformity with its aims.

Funding issues:

With regard to project preparation and the training of tutors it is not possible to calculate the exact costs due to the fact that the coordinators realize the project while performing their duties. The project is planned to be financed with own funds of The Municipal Police in Szczecin.

Notes:

"Cyber jungle" preventive program is an initiative aimed at children and young people and their carers. The program is designed to raise the level of safety. It is carried out in a form of meetings and workshops with children, youth and their parents, carers and teachers. A simple, accessible language and talks about difficult issues are one of the advantages of the program. The people conducting the meetings communicate content tailored to the age and educational level of the audience. The project consists of several components. The first task is to improve awareness of the risks associated with the Internet use by children and young people as well as improving the safety of its users. The second element is to activate parental control over children who use the Internet and develop mechanisms for joint use of it by children and their caregivers. The third one is to improve relations inside the family and build the authority of the parent who is familiar with the specifics of virtual environments of the youth. This way he/she becomes a partner for the teenager in a conversation about the problems.

<http://www.kmp.szczecin.pl>

## Project 17

Project title:

**Drawing on the right side of the brain**

Main theme:

Preparing inmates for re-entry.

Project purpose and outcome (in two sentences):

In order to prepare inmates for reintegration to the society the National Crime Prevention Council of Hungary started a project to help them develop their social skills and self-confidence.

Project submitter (Member State):

Hungary

Project leader(s):

National Crime Prevention Council

Project partner(s):

Hungarian Prison Service

Project description (max. 150 words):

The program aims not only to develop drawing skills but to deepen self-consciousness and to ensure a more realistic self-esteem. The success-experience that can be easily reached by the inmates strengthens their self-confidence and helps to dissolve their inhibitions and tensions. Working in groups subserves better social skills such as empathy, tolerance, the ability to liaise comfortably with people and to pay attention to others. Due to this activity prisoners' focus becomes more concentrated and longer while their visual perception, fantasy and aesthetic sense evolve. The Council provides courses not only directly for the inmates but for the reintegration-officers too who in our intentions will be able to organize and facilitate these courses on their own. Until now we trained more than 50 reintegration officers and reached more than a thousand inmates through the program.

Objectives of the project (max. 150 words):

To prepare inmates for reentry by developing their self-esteem and social skills.

To teach prison officers to be able to organize and facilitate these courses on their own.

Project outcome (max. 150 words):

Those inmates who participated in this project will learn that they are able to achieve their goals. They will have the ability to work as a member of a team and will have a more realistic self-esteem.

Start and end project:

The project started in 2014 and the implementation is ongoing.

Funding (total budget and type of funding (e.g. ISEC, EUCPN Fund,...)):

The program is financed by the National Crime Prevention Council.  
Its annual budget is 12 000 000 HUF.

Contact details project:

National Crime Prevention Council

Postal address:

1078 Budapest, István utca 23-25.

Telephone: +36 1 462 7592

E-mail: [nbt.titkarsag@bm.gov.hu](mailto:nbt.titkarsag@bm.gov.hu)

Hungarian Prison Service Headquarters

Postal Address:

1245 Budapest, Post Office Box 1046

Telephone: +36 1 301-8227

E-mail: [koordinacio@bv.gov.hu](mailto:koordinacio@bv.gov.hu)

## Project 18

Project title:

**Re-Action program**

Main theme:

Interactive outdoor program for secondary school students in order to introduce basic knowledge about crime prevention; about the work of police, fire department, prison service etc.

Project purpose and outcome (in two sentences):

The highlighted purposes of the Program:

1. Deepening the knowledge of crime prevention and building active knowledge
2. Moderating aggression in schools
3. Preventing crimes and drug abuse among young people
4. Promoting positive attitude

Project submitter (Member State):

Hungary

Project leader(s):

National Crime Prevention Council

Project partner(s):

Police, Hungarian Prison Service, National Directorate General for Disaster Management, Secondary schools

Project description (max. 150 words):

The Re-Action Program started in 2014 as the successor of the Interactive Police Program. The National Crime Prevention Council mainly chooses those schools to participate where there are trained police officers or teachers introducing basic knowledge about crime prevention to students. Finding a proper place is an important part of the selection procedure, because it is an outdoor program. In every single occasion the program reaches about 200-250 students, their parents and their teachers as well. Volunteer students, certain police forces and vigilantes help us carrying out the program.

The program starts with interactive workshops in minor groups. In these groups different types of topics are discussed, for example first aid, decisions in different situations, on-line risks, drug prevention, control of surroundings, recognizing and handling conflicts, education through experience.

After these workshops, everybody comes to the common place, where the moderator tells short stories to introduce the following shows: self-defence, police measure tactics, and measures of police dogs. The public is involved in introducing stories related to crime prevention.

After the shows different kinds of situations are played. The actors are from the public and the helpers. These stories show everyday life situations in which there are decision points, where it can be shown, how a decision may affect the future. These situations are related to drugs, heist, harassment, affray and on-line harassment. Via these situations we can teach

the students about prevention as an experience. The situations are able to teach to understand the perspectives both of the victim and the perpetrator. Such performances can make the students face not only crimes but the circumstances as well, for example an injury, the risk of using drugs, injury of a vehicle, or a first step towards prison.

At the end of the program there is a simulation of a road accident. The wrecked car is set on fire and is quenched by firefighters.

The secret success element of the Program is the way we show how everyday life situations can turn into crimes. We would like to show how the situation affects the victim or the perpetrator, and how we can change our decision to make a win-win situation.

Objectives project (max. 150 words):

1. Deepening the knowledge of crime prevention and building active knowledge
2. Moderating aggression in schools
3. Preventing crimes and drug abuse among young people
4. Promoting positive attitude

Project outcome (max. 150 words):

Since 2015 there have been 19 events with the participation of 25 schools (14 secondary schools and 11 elementary schools). We have reached 4346 students and 329 teachers so far.

Start and end project:

The Re-Action Program started in 2014 and the implementation is ongoing.

Timescales and key milestone dates:

Because its complexity (lots of participants) the program is being organized only 4 times a year.

Funding (total budget and type of funding (e.g. ISEC, EUCPN Fund,...)):

The National Crime Prevention Council finances 100 % of the budget.  
Each occasion costs 600 000 HUF.

Contact details project:

National Crime Prevention Council  
Ministry of Interior of Hungary  
H-1078 Budapest, István u. 23-25.  
Phone: +36 1 462 7592  
[nbt.titkarsag@bm.gov.hu](mailto:nbt.titkarsag@bm.gov.hu)



## Project 19

Project title:

**Volunteers for Kielce**

Main theme:

Involvement of volunteers in supporting the Police in prevention activities, information activities and ensuring safety at events organised by the city and at water bodies.

Project purpose and outcome (in two sentences):

Increasing the scope of activities of the Police and involvement of the society, sense of co-responsibility for the surroundings among young inhabitants of Kielce, as well as building a positive image of the Police.

The outcome of the Programme is support for the Police in prevention activities and in activities related to ensuring safety, as well as the activation of the youth.

Project submitter (Member State):

Poland

Project leader(s):

Regional Volunteer Centre in Kielce

Cooperating entities:

Municipal Police Headquarters in Kielce

Project description (max. 150 words):

The Volunteers for Kielce programme is the first Polish programme consisting in volunteers supporting everyday activities of the Police. The programme is based on the concept of Volunteer Police Cadets functioning in the United Kingdom. A group of 30 volunteers was established under the programme, who, within 18 months, after a series of preparatory trainings, participated in such activities of the Police as:

- conducting meetings informing about the frauds targeting senior citizens (by fraudsters posing as “grandchildren”);
- ensuring security at water bodies during holidays;
- participation in prevention actions;
- information activities during the World Youth Day.

The programme was created thanks to a project under Erasmus+. International trainings and study visits of Police officers and volunteer coordinators were organised in cooperation with the British Police and Volunteer Police Cadets.

Objectives project (max. 150 words):

- Support for the activities of the Police in Kielce;
- Increasing the activity and co-responsibility for their neighbourhood among youth;
- Building a positive image of the Police.

Project outcome (max. 150 words):

- Establishment of a 30-person group of Volunteers for Kielce;

- Assistance in numerous events and activities of the Police;
- Organisation of numerous media events with the participation of the volunteers and the Police.

Start and end project:

1 September 2014 - the Programme is pending. The Erasmus+ programme finished on 31 August 2016.

Funding (total budget and type of funding (e.g. ISEC, EUCPN Fund,...)):

The Programme started thanks to funding from Erasmus + (Strategic Partnership Key Action 2 – Civic Volunteering – Innovations in Action).

Contact details project:

Michał Braun - [michal.braun@centrumwolontariatu.eu](mailto:michal.braun@centrumwolontariatu.eu)  
Regional Volunteer Centre in Kielce  
ul. Żeromskiego 36, 25-370 Kielce  
Phone/Fax: 413621412

## Project 20

Project title:

I do has FALCO says.

Main theme:

Short stories to promote safety and fomenting of civics and citizenship among children between 5 and 10 years old, using FALCO - PSP mascot.

Project purpose and outcome (in two sentences):

Produce a collection of ten short stories to promote safety and fomenting of civics and citizenship among children between 5 and 10 years old, using as main reference the figure of FALCO - PSP mascot. These stories will be used to support the awareness-raising actions that Police officers will do during the year in close interaction with the school community.

Project submitter (Member State):

Portugal

Project leader(s):

Public Security Police

Project partner(s):

PT Foundation.

Project description (max. 150 words):

This project aims to improve LEA actions in the school community to promote the culture of safety and fomenting of civics and citizenship. Assuming as main reference the figure of FALCO - PSP mascot, the Police produces a collection of ten (10) short stories, on subjects as:

- a) The contact with strangers, in the story "The boys and Mr. E";
- b) Care in the summer holidays, in the story "The bracelet of shells";
- c) Pedestrian safety and precautions in the path home-school-home, in story "The Anastacio ride";
- d) Bullying in the story "The Baltazar learn the lesson"; or
- e) Security in the Internet, in the story, "Igor and the contest of friendship".

Police use the collaboration of experts control the complexity of the text.

The argument of each story follows this structure:

- a) Presenting the problem;
- b) Hypotheses provided by children;
- c) Refutation of the wrong one's;
- d) Validation of the right one.

Objectives project (max. 150 words):

Promote safety and fomenting of civics and citizenship among children between 5 and 10 years old.

Achieve the most number of children possible through the first animation series produced by a LEA, using the social network and children tv channels.

**Project outcome (max. 150 words):**

During the first year this project was the key to achieved this goals:

3,400 awareness-raising actions;

7,200 individual contacts;

115,000 students achieved;

In november 2015, with the first animation movie launch in facebook, we have more than 40,000 viewers' in the first couple of days.

**Start and end project:**

Start at October, 2014, and it has no ending.

**Timescales and key milestone dates:**

October, 2014: Start,

October, 2015: First evaluation,

November, 2015: First episode in digital animation.

**Funding (total budget and type of funding (e.g. ISEC, EUCPN Fund,...)):**

(...)

**Contact details project:**

[hdguinote@psp.pt](mailto:hdguinote@psp.pt)

## Project 21

Project title:

The information campaign "**Grandma, it's not your grandson ... Be careful.**"

Main theme:

The campaign's idea is to prevent extorting money by using methods called "on grandson" or "on the policeman" whose victims are usually elder people. When scammers calling they impersonating members of families or the policeman officers and extort money, which often represent seniors all life savings.

Project purpose and outcome (in two sentences):

The main intention of the project is to educate the elderly about the threat of scam which are made by using methods called "on grandson" or "on the policeman". In effect it will reduce the number of these crimes.

Project submitter (Member State):

Poland

Project leader(s):

Office of Security and Crisis Management of the City Hall of Warsaw

Project partner(s):

Metropolitan Police, Delegations of the Office of Security and Crisis Management of the City Hall of Warsaw, Office of City Marketing of the City Hall of Warsaw

Project description (max. 150 words):

The City Hall of Warsaw since 2014 warns citizens against scammers who extort money from elderly people. The main objective of the campaign is to educate seniors in advance of the threatened danger. Up to the present moment we organized three editions of the campaign. Within its framework was prepared posters and leaflets, which are visible all over Warsaw on electronic media in public transport and on the websites of the City Hall and all Districts of the City of Warsaw. Materials are also published in the local press. Leaflets are distributed to inhabitants, posters are hung on the stairwells, in clinics and in the Departments of Residents Service in Districts of the City of Warsaw. In vehicles of public transport and in the subway a spot containing numbers of telephones to call to find out more about this abuse is emitted. This year's edition of the campaign include 43,000 leaflets, 8,000 posters and spots in public transport.

Objectives project (max. 150 words):

The goal of the project is to reduce the extent of frauds and to raise awareness of the risk among the elderly, as well as to reach the largest number of audience among inhabitants with information about the scams using methods called "on grandson" or "on the

policeman".

The campaign is directed not only to seniors but also to all members of their families. Younger people, through direct contacts with their parents, grandparents, and others in the family, can pass them the necessary knowledge.

Scammers continue to extort money this way. To counter such crimes, relatives should be sensified that every time they have to confirm such request for help, by independently calling to the closest family on the phone number known to them or contacting personally with the family.

**Project outcome (max. 150 words):**

Within the framework of the campaign was organized:

- 1) 75 meetings with seniors (2 500 participants), including 15 meetings on the University of the Third Age, during which seniors was informed about the methods used by scammers.
- 2) 21 training courses for 500 seniors. Trainings was conducted by officers from the Police and the Municipal Police of the Capital City of Warsaw. During those trainings ways of stealing by using methods called "on grandson", "on the policeman" were discussed.
- 3) training for 40 social workers from Ochota District of the City of Warsaw, who have regular contact with older people while performing daily duties.
- 4) 2 picnics, organized by the Delegations of the Office of Security and Crisis Management of the City Hall of Warsaw in Ochota and Rembertów Districts of the City of Warsaw, which attended about 200 seniors.
- 5) film competition entitled "Senior vs. fraud" which continue to 31 May 2017. It's addressed to persons participating in senior clubs and daily nursing homes, involves preparing a movie about the scam by using methods called "on grandson" or "on the policeman".
- 6) distribution of over 35,000 leaflets and 8,000 posters. We are currently passing on further 43,000 leaflets and 8,000 posters.

**Start and end project:**

The information campaign "Grandma, it's not your grandson ... Be careful" is continuing since October 2014 until now. It will be continued until reducing or eliminating scams by using methods called "on grandson" or "on the policeman", whose victims are usually elderly.

**Timescales and key milestone dates:**

The first edition of the campaign "Grandma, it's not your grandson ... Be careful.", was launched in October 2014., and the second in 2015. The third edition of the campaign started at the beginning of December 2016.

**Funding (total budget and type of funding (e.g. ISEC, EUCPN Fund,...)):**

Funding from the budget of the City Hall of Warsaw.

Contact details project:

Anna Podgrudna Manager of the Public Security Department in Office of Security and Crisis Management of the City Hall of Warsaw

phone: +48224431145, fax: +48224431122, e-mail: [apodgrudna@um.warszawa.pl](mailto:apodgrudna@um.warszawa.pl)

## Project 22

Project title:

**National action day '1 day without'**

Main theme:

Domestic burglaries

Project purpose and outcome (in two sentences):

This action's purpose is to sensitize citizens to the issue of domestic burglaries, and especially to what they themselves can do in order to prevent this problem. The intended result is to eventually bring about a drop in domestic burglaries.

Project submitter (Member State):

Belgium

Project leader(s):

Federal Public Service (FPS) Home Affairs, Directorate Local Integral Security:

- Ailien Stove (Dutch-speaking project administrator)  
E-mail address: [ailien.stove@ibz.fgov.be](mailto:ailien.stove@ibz.fgov.be),  
Tel: + 32 2 577 35 69
- Cathy Grimmeau (French-speaking project administrator)  
E-mail address: [cathy.grimmeau@ibz.fgov.be](mailto:cathy.grimmeau@ibz.fgov.be)  
Tel: + 32 2 557 35 58

Project partner(s):

Belgian Local and Federal Police, provinces, towns and boroughs, private associates.

Project description (max. 150 words):

The '1 day without' initiative aims at sensitizing citizens to the preventive part they can play in the fight against burglaries. Putting the clocks back one hour is retained as a strong moment in the campaign. In 2016, the latter focuses on senior citizens, a more vulnerable target group in terms of burglary prevention.

Every year, over 300 prevention initiatives are implemented by local prevention partnerships, police and prevention services, tenant and resident associations, private partnerships and private individuals.

There is a wide variety of prevention actions: afternoon information-tea for senior citizens, articles in the municipal information papers, neighbourhood watch actions in cooperation with the neighbourhood police constable, poster campaigns and leaflet distribution actions, etc.

An operational consultation group made up of provincial, police or municipal associates meets on a regular basis and puts many means of communication at these associates' disposal.



**Objectives project (max. 150 words):**

We can distinguish 4 main objectives within the project:

- to encourage citizens to think about what they can do to increase their security AND awaken their alertness;
- to step up the social cohesion in the streets, neighbourhoods and districts by spurring on the inhabitants to work together on prevention;
- to encourage local (provincial, zonal, municipal, ...) initiatives;
- to Publicize the '1 day without' action

**Project outcome (max. 150 words):**

In order to achieve the aforementioned goals, we have made joint venture deals with different partners: the provincial authorities, boroughs, the Belgian Local and Federal Police, but also with private associates.

To publicize as much as possible the national action day, we have also developed a communication campaign comprising various communication tools. We have our own official '1 day without' website where everybody can post their actions, but we are also active on Facebook, Twitter and offer a spectrum of posters, folders and postal cards. Furthermore, we also have a promo one-reeler and we offer a genuine '1 day without' app.

For the 2016 edition, we have decided to lay emphasis on one specific target group: senior citizens. Elderly people are characterized by increased vulnerability. We have conceived a specific folder with 7 prevention tips against theft by deception and struck new partnership deals with senior citizen organizations and associations.

**Start and end project:**

Start: 11/12/2014

The project is still ongoing as we organize a yearly national action day. Up to now, there has already been 3 editions. The latest edition took place on Friday 28 October 2016.

**Timescales and key milestone dates:**

Since this year, '1 day without' is to take place when clocks are being put back one hour for the winter. This is indeed traditionally one of the most burglary-sensitive periods of the year. The following editions' further development shall also continue in the same way.

Funding (total budget and type of funding (e.g. ISEC, EUCPN Fund,...)):

The project-related costs vary every year according to the tools developed (app, videos, gadgets,...) and are divided up as follows for the year 2015 (price excl. VAT):

- Hosting the '1daywithout' websites (in French & Dutch): €500
- Creation of 150 plastic covers and roll-ups: €9525
- Creation of 30,000 magnets geared towards senior citizens : €2850
- Making of 10 visuals + translation : €5400
- Cooperation with a social innovation agency: €5320

At FPS Home Affairs level, 2.5 FTEs are working on the project.

Contact details project:

*(in Dutch and French)*

Website: [www.1dagniet.be](http://www.1dagniet.be) - [www.1joursans.be](http://www.1joursans.be)

Facebook page: 1joursans-1dagnietBE

Twitter: 1 jour sans – 1 dag niet BE

### Project 23

Project title:

**To live prepared as a visually impaired**

Main theme:

Helping blind and partially-sighted persons to develop their self-defense abilities

Project purpose and outcome (in two sentences):

In order to help blind and partially-sighted persons the National Crime Prevention Council of Hungary prepared a special crime prevention program to teach these vulnerable people to develop their self-defense abilities.

Project submitter (Member State):

Hungary

Project leader(s):

National Crime Prevention Council

Project partner(s):

National Institute for Blind Persons

Nursery Schools, Primary Schools, Special Vocational Schools, Unitary Methodology Institute and Youth and Children's Home for Blind Persons

Project description (max. 150 words):

Increasingly more and more people suffer a stroke, from illnesses or accidents which can cause worsening vision or even blindness. These people would like to continue with their lives but their changed situation brings new challenges for them. It is necessary to relearn how to use traffic, the everyday routine, and a new area appears: self-defense. They have to prepare themselves for the fact that they are more exposed to dangers.

For this reason, the National Crime Prevention Council of Hungary prepared a special crime prevention program for blind and partially-sighted persons. The Council would like to teach them to develop their self-defense abilities through trainings. These trainings put great emphasis on avoiding theft, robbery, tricky thieves and teach proper and safe credit card usage. In connection with internet safety, the Council would like to direct their attention to the risks of false information, shopping and social networks. The addiction and safety of entertainment are important topics for young people especially.

The trainings provide opportunity to develop the participants' self-knowledge and the identification of their own resources. Based on these practices, they may get ready for dangerous situations with the use of the practiced alternative acts. The programs run in special training schools for blind and partially-sighted persons and also in the State Institute for Blinds.

The participants have evaluated the program as a positive experience and indicated their intention to participate in future programs as well. The long-term aim of the National Crime

Prevention Council is to spread this method by preparing the specialists dealing with blind and partially-sighted persons to hold similar trainings to these at-risk groups.

**Objectives of the project (max. 150 words):**

Prepare blind and partially-sighted persons – as potential victims – to recognize possible emergency situations and develop their self-defense abilities.

**Project outcome (max. 150 words):**

After the training blind and partially-sighted persons will be able to recognize emergency situations, to choose the optimal prevention method and to use it as a skill.

**Start and end project:**

The project started in spring 2016 and the implementation is ongoing.

**Timescales and key milestone dates:**

The project contains two trainings a month.

In August 2016 some specialists together with blind and partially-sighted persons took part in a training. During that they learned new aspects and methods, so they can share them in their institute and adopt them in their work.

**Funding (total budget and type of funding (e.g. ISEC, EUCPN Fund,...)):**

Total budget: 1.260.000 HUF

The National Crime Prevention Council finances 100 % of the budget.

**Contact details project:**

The project is connected with the rehabilitation and integration project of the National Institute for Blind Persons.

## Project 24

Project title:

**Safety in the Public Sphere**

Main theme:

Crime prevention related to violence against women in the public space

Project purpose and outcome (in two sentences):

As the subjective feeling of security in Austria is decreasing despite an objective reduction in crime, the purpose of this particular project is both to reassure women and to provide them with information on ways in which they can avoid becoming the victim of a crime on their way home/while going out for a walk, etc. The outcome that we can comment on so far is a notable positive reception and a substantial increase in the awareness of possible sources of danger and how to act in the case of an emergency.

Project submitter (Member State):

Austria

Project leader(s):

Evelyn Liebhart

Project partner(s):

The project is conducted with selected third parties in order to assure quality and the successful organization of information events.

Project description (max. 150 words):

The project focuses on information events and produces materials that convey important advice and tips on proper ways to react towards an aggressor and how to prepare oneself in advance to the occurrence of an attack (or how to avoid the attack in the first place). The information communicated this way also summarizes important legal aspects pertaining to self-defense and how to search for a self-defense course that will prove to be useful in the case of an attack. The proper way to contact the police and when it is necessary to do so are also discussed.

Objectives project (max. 150 words):

The primary objective of the project is to empower women in the public sphere and to give them the necessary confidence in order to feel safe in a public setting. In order to do so, potential sources of danger (also relating to drugs put in drinks in order to knock out victims) are mentioned and discussed collectively. In other words, strengthening the awareness of possible victims and to prepare them for the case of an emergency are key goals to be achieved by the project.

Project outcome (max. 150 words):

In order to discuss the immediate outcome of the project, we are able to state that the audiences at our information events are continuously growing and that partnerships and related activities are intensifying at a constant rate. We also received very positive feedback

from the attendants of our information events and can say with confidence that the number of people we are able to reach is growing continuously.

Start and end project:

The project started in the 2nd quarter of 2016; it is currently being implemented in a standardized process across Austria.

Timescales and key milestone dates:

The concept-phase of the project took place in the 3rd and 4th quarter of 2016

The implementation phase of the project started in May 2017

The standardization and expansion of the project to encompass all of Austria began November 2017

Funding (total budget and type of funding (e.g. ISEC, EUCPN Fund,...)):

All funds in order to carry out the project are provided by the Austrian Criminal Intelligence Service.

Contact details project:

In order to receive further information regarding the project, please contact

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## Project 25

Project title:

**Save Gordon!**

Main theme:

Experiential education project for middle school students about internet safety.

Project purpose and outcome (in two sentences):

To raise awareness among youth about the dangers of internet and to educate them how to protect themselves online.

Project submitter (Member State):

Hungary

Project leader(s):

Crime Prevention Subdivision of Zala County Police Headquarters  
National Crime Prevention Council

Project partner(s):

Police, Elementary schools, Secondary schools

Project description (max. 150 words):

“Save Gordon!” is a crime prevention program based on experiential education developed by the Crime Prevention Subdivision of Zala County Police Headquarters in the framework of a project financed by the National Crime Prevention Council called “Network for safety”. The idea of the program is based on the experience that in a world full of information and stimulus it is hard to achieve objectives with preventive trainings in schools. Previously it was easy to attract the attention of the students with topics like drugs and crimes, but now all the information is available on the internet. With transforming the prevention topics into a playful form, we try to regain the attention of the children.

The concept of the program is based on the popular “escape games” because in our point of view information can better be provided through this communication channel to the age group of 10-14. In the program there are hidden information about certain topics of crime prevention and after the program students are more open to listen to police officers.

When planning the program we concentrated on cooperative working methods. In team work children can achieve goals with helping each other and not with rivalry. Team work requires taking responsibility for a common goal – with all its advantages and difficulties. Students work off a given topic together, they share the information and learning experiences with each other. They succeed and fail together and learn how to handle it.

Objectives project (max. 150 words):

- We can distinguish 3 main objectives within the project:

- to deepen the students' knowledge and understanding of cyber crimes
- to encourage students to think about what they can do to increase their online security
- to build better communities in the classroom by playing a game together

**Project outcome (max. 150 words):**

We have trained 75 experts so far and we constantly get invitations from schools to hold pilot classes at their institution.

**Start and end project:**

The project started in spring 2017 and the implementation is ongoing.

**Funding (total budget and type of funding (e.g. ISEC, EUCPN Fund,...)):**

National Crime Prevention Council, Zala County Police Headquarters

**Contact details project:**

Zala County Police Headquarters  
Postal address: 8901 Zalaegerszeg, Pf.: 218.  
E-mail address: [zalamrfk@zala.police.hu](mailto:zalamrfk@zala.police.hu)

National Crime Prevention Council  
1078 Budapest, István utca 23-25.  
E-mail: [nbt.titkarsag@bm.gov.hu](mailto:nbt.titkarsag@bm.gov.hu)



## Project 26

Project title:

**Homewatch - Application**

Main theme:

Is to give home safety tips for the users through a 3D game.

Project purpose and outcome (in two sentences):

The National Crime Prevention Council aimed to show the people the safety level of their homes and to encourage them to think about what they can do to increase this status.

Project submitter (Member State):

Hungary

Project leader(s):

National Crime Prevention Council

Project partner(s):

Police

Project description (max. 150 words):

The National Crime Prevention Council of Hungary (NBT) tries to transfer new knowledge to people not only in a traditional way but also in an interactive, playful form. Uniquely in Hungary, the new project of the NBT was created by a modern mobile technology. This new application is called „Házórző” (Homewatch). The program consists of a 3D game, a test which assesses the safety level of our property and also of a notebook about the protection of our home containing the most important information on the topic. The goal of the 3D game is to keep the burglar from breaking into a house by answering different protection related questions (e.g. What kind of fence does the house have? Is there an alarm in the house?) Depending on the responses the burglar gets closer and closer to the house. A questionnaire about the safety of our property is also part of the application. After answering the questions the application give suggestions on how to protect our home better.

The “Házórző” (Homewatch) application entertains, teaches, and helps the user at once. It can be used long-term and it can be developed as well. The application can only be downloaded in Hungarian from Google Play and from the App Store.

Objectives project (max. 150 words):

We aimed to show the people the safety level of their homes and to encourage them to think about what they can do to increase this status.

Project outcome (max. 150 words):

We have not started the official promotion yet; so far around 500 hundred people downloaded the application.

Start and end project:

The application is available on Google Play and App Store since July 2017.

Funding (total budget and type of funding (e.g. ISEC, EUCPN Fund,...)):

The application was financed by the National Crime Prevention Council.

Total budget: 13 627 100 HUF

Contact details project:

National Crime Prevention Council

Ministry of Interior of Hungary

H-1078 Budapest, István u. 23-25.

Phone: +36 1 462 7592

## Project 27

Project title:

**Conception European Methodical Centre.**

Main theme:

The submitted project of EMC is primarily aimed at system analyses of social protection of eurozone countries, on the grounds of these analyses there will be proposed by experts a highly developed, permanently sustainable (with regards to real possibilities of individual countries) unified system of social protection. This proposal will be reminded by social workers working with clients directly on location. The intention of developing this type of system of social protection is to unify national and international procedures for solving social problems and to look for common interests that would be beneficial for promoting positive social change and for maintaining citizens' well-being.

Project purpose and outcome (in two sentences):

The main objective of methodical function of the Slovak headquarters of EMC, in close cooperation with other branches of EMC which will be established by strong cooperation with ICSW Europe member organizations, will be **REAL CHANGE** of social situation of citizens in a sense of supporting and developing citizens' well-being in terms of real possibilities of individual countries by the use of all legal matters which that are available to non-governmental and nonprofit organizations (III. sector) with the intention of equalizing social status of EU citizens as well as eradicating social conflicts. From SKTS and ICSW Europe' view this is the most effective preventive action in the field of primary, secondary and tertiary crime prevention.

Project submitter (Member State):

Slovak republic

Project leader(s):

Stála konferencia organizácií III. sektora Slovenskej republiky (SKTS SR)

Project partner(s):

International Council on Social Welfare Europe (ICSW Europe)

Project description (max. 150 words):

An expert analysis of theories, methods, approaches and activities realized by all subjects in terms of social protection in the past (prevention, security, health-care, emergency), an analysis with emphasis to specific data extraction which can be used for building a conceptual, sustainable, just - and within countries of EU - socially unified system.

The second step is reevaluation of the proposed system in close cooperation with experts. The selection of experts from EU member countries will be realized in cooperation with ICSW Europe member organizations and focus will be put on a high level of achieved social work competency.

The final step will be to present the proposed system of social protection as the most crucial preventive measure in the field of primary, secondary and tertiary crime prevention by the use of all legal means which are at non-governmental and nonprofit organizations' (III. sector) disposal.

**Objectives project (max. 150 words):**

The main objective of the project is, on the grounds of common values of good, complexity, complementarity, justice, adequacy and subsidiarity, to achieve the highest possible degree of EU citizens' well-being and that by unifying national and international solutions for social problems and by looking for mutual interests to support positive social change as the most crucial preventive measure in the field of primary, secondary and tertiary crime prevention.

The objective of the project is also to ensure, support and realize creation of informative-communicative environment beneficial and incentive for experts of all professions from I., II. and III. sectors and this way to contribute to building a unified, effective, continually set, feasible and sustainable social system in EU.

In this informative-communicative environment EMC in close cooperation with ICSW Europe intends to carry out projects focused on increasing employment opportunities, increasing moral and work ethics, creation and realization of programs and educational projects aimed at improving quality of life, work, cultural, artistic and social environment as well as countryside development on local, regional, nationwide and international levels.

**Project outcome (max. 150 words):**

- Recommended changes in the systems of social protection in EU countries,
- Models of community project solutions proving feasibility of the proposed system of social protection,
- Proposal and realization of the conception of social protection for Smart CITY Telematic Laboratory project, carried out by the Research institute Smart CITY in Prague, which assists developmental countries with population stabilization and prevention of unwanted migration due to economic reasons,
- Practical realization of proposed solutions realized on the basis of results collected from researches and analyses conducted in Slovakia and other EU countries including support and protection of witnesses and victims as well as other fields of social work,
- Retraining of experts in the field of social work (I., II. and III. sector) including supporting the rights and protection of witnesses and victims on all levels with focus on more particular and more effective practical activity in prevention against crime, based on our international experience,
- Real change of EU citizens' social status proving to be the most effective means of crime prevention.

**Start and end project:**

as soon as possible - begin + 6 years

**Timescales and key milestone dates:**

Supposing the project would commence in January 2016:

January – November 2016

Research of history of social work, education in social work and performance of student and expert practical training (based on qualitative and quantitative research)

May 2017

Work on creating the proposed system of social protection together with finalization of the practical training manual for all levels (student practical training, practical training in I., II. and III. sectors)

October 2018

Processes related to applying theory into practice on all levels.  
(Applying Theory into Practice)

December 2019

Selection of project solutions on local, national and international levels and their realization under the methodical direction of EMC (Focus on Change)

December 2020

Evaluation of researches and effectiveness analyses of implemented actions including statistical data and analyses of success rate of project solutions on all levels (Focus on Outcome)

December 2021

Finalization of analyses and subsequent implementation of proposals for adjustments – reality-based – tuning = permanently sustainable, conceptual and continually set, just, unified, effective, demonstrably feasible system of social protection for EU member countries as the most effective and most efficient preventive measure in the field of primary, secondary and tertiary crime prevention.

Funding (total budget and type of funding (e.g. ISEC, EUCPN Fund,...)):

25 000 000€ (ISEC, Inaara, ESF)

Contact details project:

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